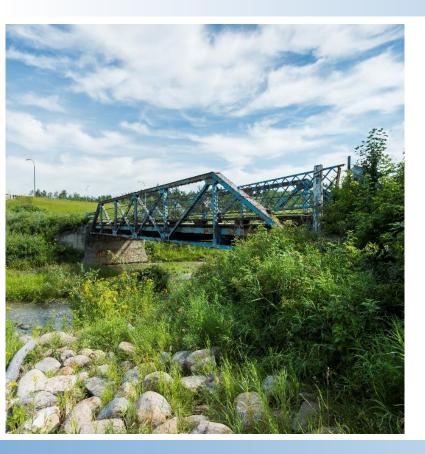




Edmonton



### Outline



- What is Edmonton's Ribbon of Green?
- Transportation Planning's Role
- Study Methodology
- Study Challenges and Findings
- Applying the Findings to the Ribbon of Green Project
- Next Steps

#### What is Edmonton's Ribbon of Green?



- North Saskatchewan River runs through Edmonton from the SW to the NE
- Previously Completed:
  - City of Edmonton's Ribbon of Green Concept Plan (1990)
  - Ribbon of Green Master Plan (1992)
- Expected significant population growth within study areas will place increased pressure on access to the River Valley

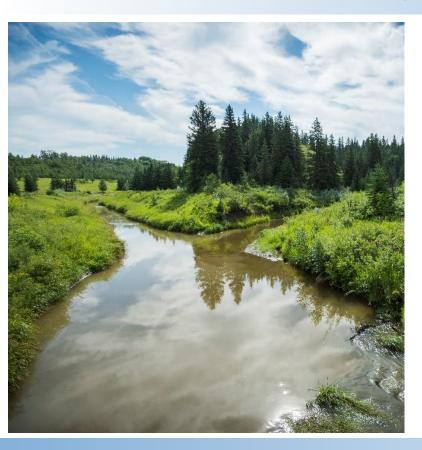
### What is Edmonton's Ribbon of Green?







## Transportation Planning's Role

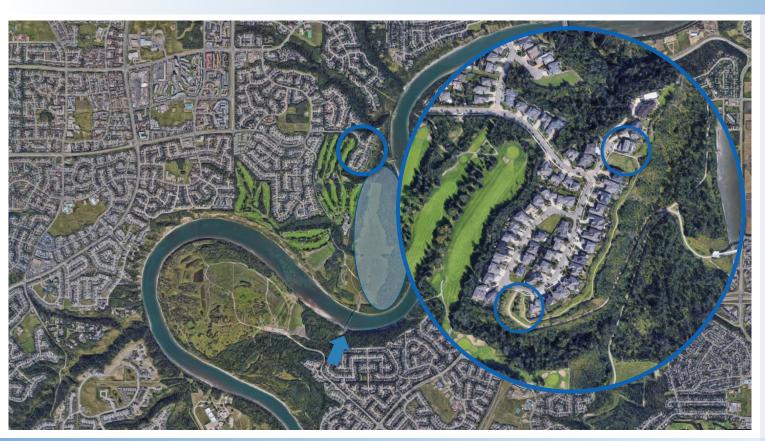


- Identify access opportunities and constraints
- Logically integrate existing and future neighbourhoods with future trail and amenity nodes
- Highlight potential parking and accessibility demands associated with different types of proposed parks
- Why is this important?

### Pave Paradise to put up a Parking Lot?

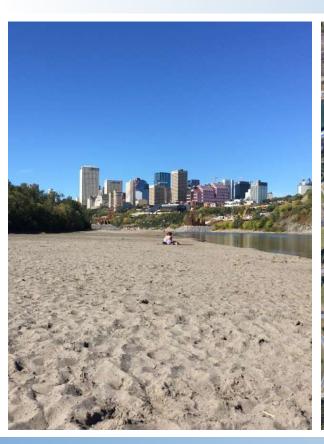
"Citizens want variety in everyday recreational activities, they want to explore the City and are willing to drive from where they live or work to experience new parts of the City and the River Valley System."

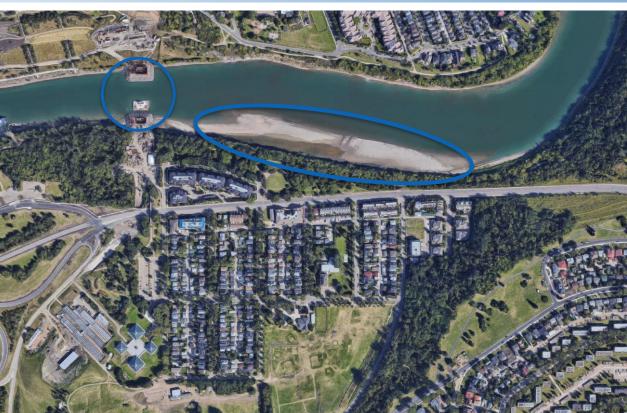
## Oleskiw River Valley Park



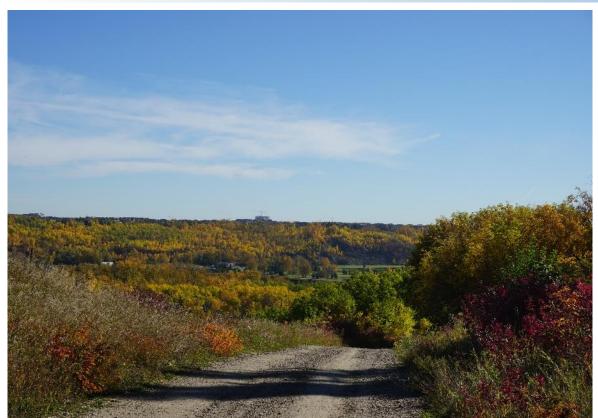
7

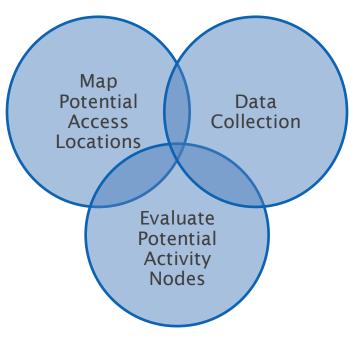
## **Accidental Beach**



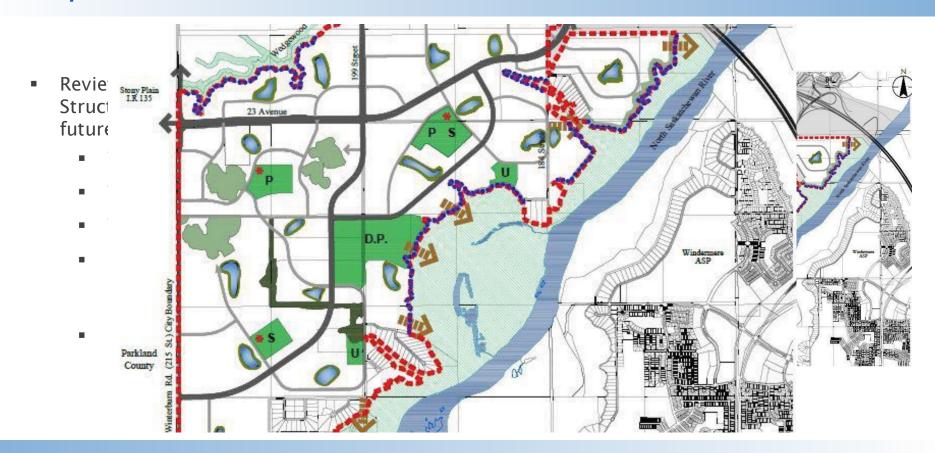


## **Study Methodology**





## Map Potential Access Locations



## **Evaluate Potential Activity Nodes**



- Land Management Classification
  - Preservation
  - Conservation
    - Trail-based Recreation
    - Natural Recreation
  - Active/Working Landscapes
    - Intensive Recreation
    - Agriculture + Horticulture
    - Urban-Services + City-Wide Attractions
- Identified the associated modes and vehicle types required to be accommodated below the top of bank for various park types

## **Evaluate Potential Activity Nodes**



Preservation



Active/Working Landscapes: Intensive Recreation



Conservation: Natural Recreation



Active/Working Landscapes: Agriculture + Horticulture

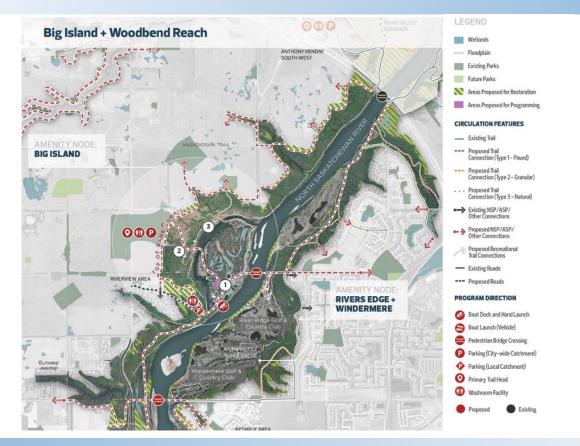


Conservation: Trail-based Recreation



Active/Working Landscapes: Urban Services + City-wide Attractions

## Big Island



## Klondike Campground



#### **Data Collection**



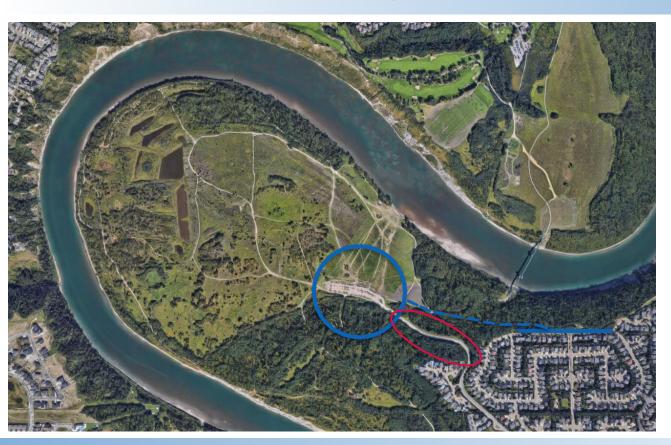
- Purpose: Estimate the magnitude of parking anticipated to be generated by park space in the Ribbon of Green
- Parking Accumulation Surveys at 6 existing parks during Summer/Fall/Winter/Spring:
  - Terwillegar Park (Metropolitan Park)
  - Victoria Park (Metropolitan Park)
  - Hermitage Park (District Park)
  - Argyll Park (District Park)
  - Mactaggart Sanctuary (Ecological Park)
  - Oleskiw River Valley Park (Trailhead)

## Data Collection Challenges



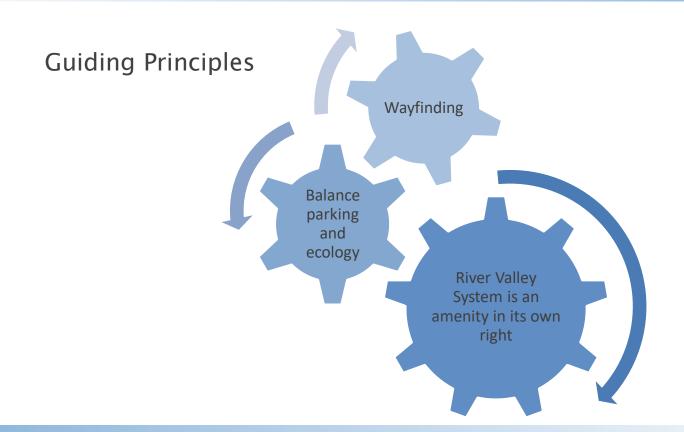
- Weather
  - Unseasonably warm February 2017
  - Capturing warm summer days
- Large study areas identifying the potential areas of parking influence
- Not able to establish a parking rate to be applied to future parking sites - lack of consistent variable

## Data Collection Findings



- High parking demands associated with Metropolitan Parks
- Parking lots were utilized first, when full, vehicles were illegally parked, top of bank roadway parking virtually empty
- Parking demand for ecological parks with lack of connections was generally low

## Applying the Findings to Ribbon of Green Project



## Applying the Findings to Ribbon of Green Project

#### **Potential Parking Supply Ranges**

Amenity Type	Parking Range
Local Amenity	20 to 30 spaces
Regional Amenity	150 to 200 spaces

Location and magnitude of parking will be determined on a case-by-case basis

- Prioritize on-street parking and look for shared parking opportunities
- Parking management (provide exclusive parking for boat launches, barrier free, etc.)
- Staging
  - Plan for ultimate needs, but don't build all at once

## **Next Steps**



- Public
   Consultation
   Stage currently
   underway
- Public Hearing 2019
- Ribbon of Green Plan will inform future site-specific park plans

# QUESTIONS?